

Nuclear Science

Merit Badge Workbook

This workbook can help you but you still need to read the merit badge pamphlet.

This Workbook can help you organize your thoughts as you prepare to meet with your merit badge counselor

Merit Badge Counselors may not require the use of this or any similar workbooks.

You still must satisfy your counselor that you can demonstrate each skill and have learned the information.

You should use the work space provided for each requirement to keep track of which requirements have been completed, and to make notes for discussing the item with your counselor, not for providing full and complete answers.

If a requirement says that you must take an action using words such as "discuss", "show",

"tell", "explain", "demonstrate", "identify", etc, that is what you must do.

No one may add or subtract from the official requirements found on Scouting.org/meritbadges/.

The requirements were last revised on January 1, <u>2024</u> • This workbook was updated in <u>January 2024</u>.

			Unit	Date Started										
			Phone No.:	Email:										
	Comr	ments or suggestions for	changes to the $\underline{requirements}$ for the \underline{m}	out this <u>workbook</u> to: <u>Workbooks@USScouts.Org</u> erit badge should be sent to: <u>Merit.Badge@Scouting.Org</u>										
1. I		following:												
	a.	Explain radiation and the difference between ionizing and non-ionizing radiation.												
	b.	Explain radiation and	d the difference between ionizing and	non-ionizing radiation.										

Workbook © Copyright 2024 - U.S. Scouting Service Project, Inc. - All Rights Reserved Requirements © Copyright, Boy Scouts of America (Used with permission.)

This workbook may be reproduced and used locally by Scouts and Scouters for purposes consistent with the programs of the Boy Scouts of America (BSA), the World Organization of the Scout Movement (WOSM) or other Scouting and Guiding Organizations.

However it may NOT be used or reproduced for electronic redistribution or for commercial or other non-Scouting purposes without the express permission of the U. S. Scouting Service Project, Inc. (USSSP).

Describ	e what safety requirements you	will need to consider while performing the requirements in this merit ba
Describe	the radiation hazard symbol a	nd explain where it should be used.
Doddingo	the radiation hazara symbol a	The explain where it enough be assu.
Explain I	now we are exposed to ionizing	radiation from outside the earth as well as on earth every day.
Explain I	now we are exposed to ionizing	radiation from outside the earth as well as on earth every day.
Explain I	now we are exposed to ionizing	radiation from outside the earth as well as on earth every day.
Explain I	now we are exposed to ionizing	radiation from outside the earth as well as on earth every day.
Explain I	now we are exposed to ionizing	radiation from outside the earth as well as on earth every day.
Ust four	examples of Naturally Occurrin	radiation from outside the earth as well as on earth every day. g Radioactive Materials. NORM, that are in your house or grocery store
Ust four	examples of Naturally Occurrin	g Radioactive Materials. NORM, that are in your house or grocery store
Ust four explain v	examples of Naturally Occurrin	
Ust four	examples of Naturally Occurrin	g Radioactive Materials. NORM, that are in your house or grocery store
Ust four explain v	examples of Naturally Occurrin	g Radioactive Materials. NORM, that are in your house or grocery store
Ust four explain v	examples of Naturally Occurrin	g Radioactive Materials. NORM, that are in your house or grocery store
Ust four explain v	examples of Naturally Occurrin	g Radioactive Materials. NORM, that are in your house or grocery store
Ust four explain v	examples of Naturally Occurrin	g Radioactive Materials. NORM, that are in your house or grocery store
Ust four explain v	examples of Naturally Occurrin	g Radioactive Materials. NORM, that are in your house or grocery store
Ust four explain v	examples of Naturally Occurrin	g Radioactive Materials. NORM, that are in your house or grocery store

luclear Sc	ience	Scout's Name:									
e.	Explain the diffe	erence between radiation exposure and contamination.									
	Describe the hazards of radiation to humans, the environment, and wildlife.										
	Humans:	- ards of radiation to numaris, the environment, and wilding.									
	numans.										
	ļ										
	•										
	Environment:										
	·										
	·										
	Wildlife:										
	l Calculate your a	pproximate annual radiation dose and compare to that of someone who works in a nuclear power plar									
	following:										
a.	gamma ray, X-ra	g of the following: atom, nucleus, proton, neutron, electron, quark, isotope, alpha particle, beta particle, ay, ionization, radioactivity, radioisotope, and stability.									
	Atom:										

Nuclear Science	Scout's Name:
Nucleus:	
Proton:	
Proton.	
Neutron:	
Electron:	
Overde	
Quark:	
Isotope:	
Alpha particle:	

Nuclear Science	Scout's Name:
Beta particle:	
Gamma ray:	
X-ray:	
Ionization:	
Radioactivity:	
Radioisotope:	
Stability:	

b	Constr Write o	uct 3-D model lown the isoto	oe notation for e	of three isotopes	ding the atomic	, showing neutro and mass number		electrons.
	In a se	parate model	or diagram, exp	lain or show hov	ν quarks make ι	p protons and ne	eutrons.	
		<u>. </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
a.	Visit a	n accelerator (research lab) or elerators and d		e people study t	he properties of t	he nucleus or nuc	cleons. ding basic science
	2.							

Nuclear Science

Scout's Name:

Nu	iclear Scie	nce	Scout's Name:
		3.	
4.	Do TWO	of the following; then discuss with	your counselor:
		Build an electroscope.	
	_	Show how it works.	
		Place a radiation source inside an	d explain the effect it causes.
	□ b.	Make a cloud chamber.	
	_	Show how it can be used to see the	ne tracks caused by radiation.
		Explain what is happening.	•
	□ c.	Perform an experiment demonstra	ating half-life. Discuss decay chains.
	v.	Constitution experiment demonstrate	aurg nam mo. 2 souce dood, onamo.
		1	

Nuclear Scie	Dis	cus	ss t ype	he s	ster tes	ps ta st sh	ake	en fo	or tl	he ise	lon d.	g-te	erm	an	d s	ho	rt-te	erm	tes	st m	neth	nod	s, t	Sco ell h	ut's now	Na to	me inte	: rpr	et t	he	res	ults	 , ar	nd e	expl	ain	 wher
	Ex	olai	n th	าe h	nea	Ith c	con	cer	n re	elat	ed	to ı	ad	on (gas	ar	nd t	ell v	wha	at s	tep	s ca	an l	oe t	ake	en to	o re	duc	ce r	ado	on i	in b	uild	ling	 JS.		
		'																			•																
□ c.						ere																															
																				.,																	-
	Dra ope	aw a erat	a tlo bed	or	pla	n ot	t th	is ro	oon	n. :	Sho	W	wh	ere	the	ur e	nıt,	the	un	ıt o	per	ato	r, a	nd	the	pat	ien	W(oulo	d be	e w	her	1 the	e X	ray	un	it is
	Opt	Jia																																			
																																		1	_	1	
	E. :			5						1 2			F1, 11						F			4 4			13 13		+	+				_					
			-							5															1 112						110						
																												4				\Box	_	\perp			
																											+	+	+	-	_	-	-	+	_	+	
																		-									+	+			+	+	+	+	-	+	
			:																						: :							\exists			1		
																																		_		1	
			-																								_	-				_	_	+			
			:							. ,												2 2			1 1		+	+	-	-		\dashv	+	-	+	-	
						\vdash																					+				+	+	+	+	+	+	
			:																			1 1												1	1		
	2		:										1 1									1 1			1 11		+	-				_	\perp	_		+	

Nuclear Scie	Explain the precautions taken and the importance of those precautions.
	Explain the procautions taken and the importance of those precautions.
Б.	
Dis	scuss with your counselor the principles of radiation safety:
6. Do ONE	of the following, then discuss with your counselor how nuclear energy is used to produce electricity:
☐ a.	Make a drawing showing how nuclear fission happens.

Nuclear Sci	ence									
	Observe a mousetrap reactor (setup by an adult) and use it to explain how a chain reaction could be started.									
	Explain how a chain reaction could be stopped or controlled in a nuclear reactor.									
	Explain what is meant by a "critical mass."									

ıclear Scie	ence			Scout's Name:					
	Draw another picture showing how a chain reaction could be started and how it could be stopped.								
	Explain what is	meant by a "critical mass."							
b.	Visit a local nuc	lear power plant or nuclear nd how the plant generates	reactor either in person	or online (with your parer	nt's permission). Learn how a				
	reactor works at	nd now the plant generates	electricity.						

	Find out what per	centage of electricity in the United States	is generated by nuclear power plants, by coal, and by gas
	Nuclear:	Coal:	Gas:
7.		f the following in relation to how energy folications, space exploration, and radiation	rom an atom can be used: nuclear medicine, environmenta n therapy.
	Nuclear medicine:		
	Environmental application	is:	
	Industrial applications:		
	Space exploration:		
	Radiation therapy:		
	For each example, explain	the application and its significance to nuc	clear science.
	Nuclear medicine:		
	Environmental applications:		

Nuclear Science

Scout's Name: _____

Nuclear Science	Scout's Name:
Industrial applications:	
Space exploration:	
Radiation therapy:	
8. Find out about three caree	er opportunities in nuclear science that interest you.
1.	
2.	
3.	
	education, training, and experience required for this profession.
Career:	
Education:	
Training:	

Nuclear Science	Scout's Name:
Experience:	
Discuss this w	ith your counselor, and explain why this profession might interest you.
	your councer, and explain my the processor might microsopy and

When working on merit badges, Scouts and Scouters should be aware of some vital information in the current edition of the *Guide to Advancement* (BSA publication 33088). Important excerpts from that publication can be downloaded from http://usscouts.org/advance/docs/GTA-Excerpts-meritbadges.pdf.

You can download a complete copy of the Guide to Advancement from http://www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/33088.pdf.